separate and apart from any tribe of Indians therein, and has declared the habits of civilized life to be from the United States, and is entitled to all the rights, privileges, and immunities of an citizen. Whether said Indian has been or not, by birth or otherwise, a member of any tribe of Indians within the territorial limits of the United States without any manner impairing or otherwise affecting the right of any such Indian to tribal or other property.

Dec. 7. That in cases where the use of water for irrigation is necessary to make the lands within any Indian reservation available for agricultural purposes, the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby authorized to provide such rules and regulations as he may deem necessary to secure a just and equal distribution thereof among the Indians residing upon such reservations; and no other appropriation or grant of water by any riparian proprietor shall be authorized or permitted to the damage of any other riparian proprietor.

Dec. 8. That the provisions of this act shall not apply to the territory occupied by the Cherokee, Creeks, Chickasaw, Delaware, and Mingo, Kansas and Osage, and Navas and Poxos, in the Indian Territory north of the reservations of the Creek Nation, of New York Indians in the State of New York, nor to that strip of territory in the State of Nebraska adjoining the Creek Nation on the south added by Executive order.

Dec. 9. That for the purpose of making the surmises residing mentioned in section five of this act, there be, and hereby is appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, to be paid proportionately out of the proceeds of the sales of such land as may be acquired from the Indians under the provisions of this act.

Dec. 10. That nothing in this act contained shall be construed as to affect the right and power of Congress to grant the right of way through any lands granted to an Indian, or a tribe of Indians, for roads or other highways, or telegraph lines, for the public use, or to condemn such lands to public use, upon making just compensation.

Dec. 11. That nothing in this act shall be so construed as to prevent the removal of the Southern Ute Indians from their present reservation in Southwestern Colorado to a new reservation by and with the consent of a majority of the adult male members of such tribe.

Approved February 8, 1887
J. G. Cline,
Chairman of the House of Representatives.

Wm. H. Harrison,
President of the Senate pro tempore.